

TR/SR(C/M)/14

**Departmental Examination of Engineering  
Officers, August-2014**

**SIMPLE RULES (Without Books)  
(Civil and Mechanical)**

Full Marks – 100

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks:

**PART-I**

1. Four options are given against each of the following questions. Select the best/correct option among the four options and write in the answer sheet.

Answer any 15 (fifteen) questions :  $15 \times 2 = 30$

- (i) Grant of a license to a Government servant to occupy a house owned, leased or requisitioned by the Government or a portion thereof, for use by him as residence is termed

- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| (a) Allocation | (b) Allotment |
| (c) Approval   | (d) Sanction  |

**[Turn over**

(ii) A newly appointed Engineering officer, after reporting for duty, took two more days to complete taking over charge involving verification and inspection of stores. Under the provisions of FR9 (6) (b), he will be treated on duty for the

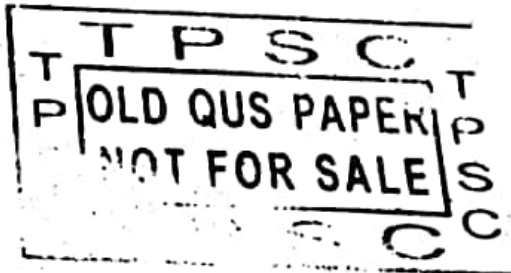
- (a) total period mentioned above
- (b) the period mentioned above minus the time taken for inspection of stores
- (c) total period mentioned above plus journey time from his home town to the place of duty
- (d) None of the above.

(iii) Pay granted to a Government servant when he is serving in a country other than the country of his domicile is called

- (a) NRI pay
- (b) Alien pay
- (c) Foreign pay
- (d) Overseas pay

- (iv) Service in which a Government servant gets his pay with the sanction of Government from any source other than the consolidated fund of India or of a State or of a Union Territory is known as

- (a) Lien service
- (b) External service
- (c) Foreign service
- (d) Deputation service



- (v) Old permanent structures, lacking many basic facilities may be classified as substandard/unclassified if constructed prior to

- (a) 1930
- (b) 1935
- (c) 1940
- (d) 1950

- (vi) Amount spent on preparation of the site for a double storied Government residence is not available. For calculation of standard licence fee of this residence, the amount spent on the preparation of site may be taken as

- (a) 6% of capital cost of the structure
- (b) 8% of capital cost of the structure
- (c) 10% of capital cost of the structure
- (d) 12% of capital cost of the structure.

(vii) A Government officer stays in a rent free Government accommodation, though he owns a house at or near the station of his posting. Rental liability of this officer would be determined depending on the

- (a) Salary of the officer
- (b) Income from his own house
- (c) Duration of his stay in the Government residence
- (d) None of these.

(viii) Period of suspension order of a Government employee exceeds three months and the competent authority opines that the period of suspension has been prolonged for reasons not attributable to the Government employee under suspension. The said authority may increase the subsistence allowance, already allowed earlier by

- (a) 25%
- (b) 40%
- (c) 50%
- (d) 35%

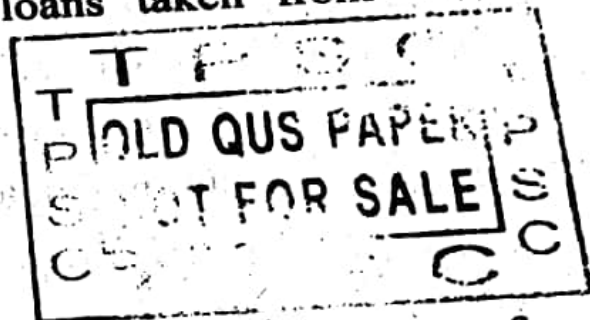
(ix) A Government employee, under suspension, has been allowed subsistence allowance. Recovery from subsistence is not admissible for

(a) Subscription to GPF

(b) Repayment of loans taken from the Government

(c) House rent

(d) Income tax



(x) From the date of suspension, review of subsistence allowance would be made at the end of

(a) 2 months (b) 3 months

(c) 4 months (d) 6 months

(xi) A government-employee, enjoying licence fee-free concession has been suspended. During suspension

(a) He will continue to enjoy this concession

(b) He will have to pay double the licence fee

(c) The licence fee-free concession will  
cease from the date of suspension

(d) None of these.

(xii) If the dismissal of a Government servant is  
set aside by the Court, the period intervening  
between the date of dismissal including the  
period of suspension preceding the dismissal  
and the date of reinstatement shall be  
treated as

(a) On Extraordinary leave

(b) On Duty

(c) On Earned leave

(d) On half pay leave

(xiii) A Government servant who does not join  
his post within his joining time is entitled  
to

(a) No pay

(b) Half pay

(c) Full pay

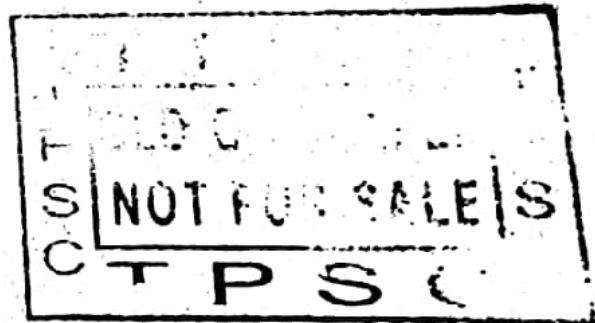
(d) Leave salary

(xiv) Where departmental proceedings against a suspended employee finally ended with imposition of a minor penalty, the period of suspension is to be treated as

- (a) Duty
- (b) Full pay leave
- (c) Half pay leave
- (d) Extraordinary leave

(xv) According to FR9, strength of a service or a part of a service sanctioned as a separate unit is called

- (a) Staff
- (b) Officer and staff
- (c) Cadre
- (d) Ex-cadre



(xvi) For the purpose of Rules 45A and 45B, "emoluments" also includes

- (a) Compensatory allowance
- (b) Family pension
- (c) Hill allowance
- (d) Winter allowance



(xvii) FC9 stipulates that a recurring or non-recurring payment granted to a Government servant from the consolidated fund of India or of a State or of a Union Territory as remuneration for special work of an occasional or intermittent character is termed

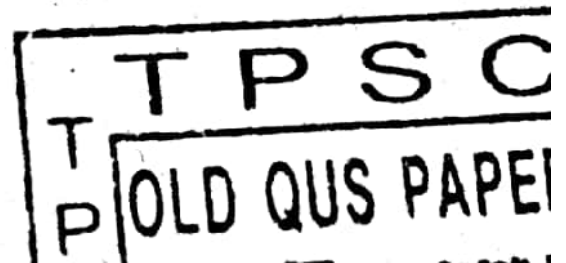
- (a) Incentive
- (b) Ex-gratia
- (c) Special pay
- (d) Honorarium.

2. Answer any 6 (six) questions :  $6 \times 5 = 30$

- (i) Mention the different kinds of travelling allowances which may be drawn in different circumstances by Government servants. Define 'Mileage allowance'.
- (ii) Define tour as given in SR61. How restrictions upon frequency and duration of journeys to be made on tour by a Government servant can be imposed?
- (iii) A Government servant went to a place in connection with official duty and returned to the headquarters in the afternoon. He was however not allowed to draw daily allowance. Explain.



- (iv) Mention the circumstances when the competent authority may permit a Government servant to draw allowances in addition to permanent travelling allowance.
- (v) A Tripura State Government officer, in PB 4, is required to travel to Mumbai on official duties. State his entitlements for the mode of journeys in connection with this official tour.
- (vi) As per provisions of the rules for reimbursement of travelling allowances for journeys performed by air on official duty, one is required to submit not only the air tickets but also the boarding passes. State the reasons.
- (vii) Leave Travel Concession (LTC) facility is admissible to the Tripura State Government employees for maximum three occasions during the entire service career of a Government employee. Mention the phasing of the three LTCs, and admissibilities of air/rail journeys as per rule.



## PART-II

3. Answer any 2 (two) questions :  $2 \times 5 = 10$

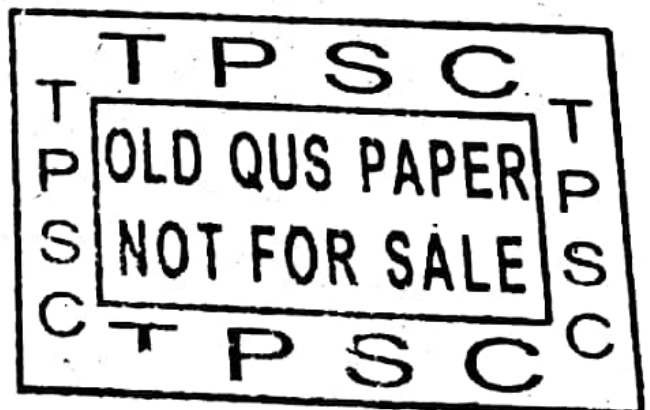
- (i) Define : Transmission machinery, Week, Hazardous process.
- (ii) What are the information that a Factory Manager is required to record in the Register of child workers of that factory.
- (iii) State, in brief, the arrangements required to be made in respect of latrines and urinals in a factory, as per relevant provisions of the Factories Act, 1948.

4. Four options are given against each of the following questions. Select the correct option among the four options and write in the answer sheet.

Answer any 10 (ten) questions :  $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (i) A State Government office is required to purchase a fax machine. For this, concurrence of Finance Department is
  - (a) required prior to purchase
  - (b) required ex-post-facto

- (c) not required
- (d) required before making payment of the bill.
- (ii) A District Hospital of Tripura is required to purchase stretchers. For this, concurrence of Finance Department is
- (a) required in advance
- (b) required ex-post-facto
- (c) not required
- (d) required at the time of making payment.
- (iii) Secretary of a Department is empowered to sanction non-recurring contingent expenditure, in each case, of
- (a) ₹ 50,000/-
- (b) ₹ 1,00,000/-
- (c) ₹ 1,50,000/-
- (d) ₹ 2,00,000/-



(iv) Heads of Departments of the State Government exercises the financial powers in respect of entertainment charges at Government cost upto a maximum limit of

(a) ₹ 300 per month

(b) ₹ 350 per month

(c) ₹ 400 per month

(d) ₹ 450 per month

(v) SEs of PWD can accept single tender upto a value of

(a) ₹ 15 lakh

(b) ₹ 20 lak

(c) ₹ 25 lakh

(d) ₹ 30 lakh

(vi) EEs of PWD can accept a tender after negotiation with the lowest tenderer upto a value of

(a) ₹ 5 lakh

(b) ₹ 6 lakh

(c) ₹ 7 lakh

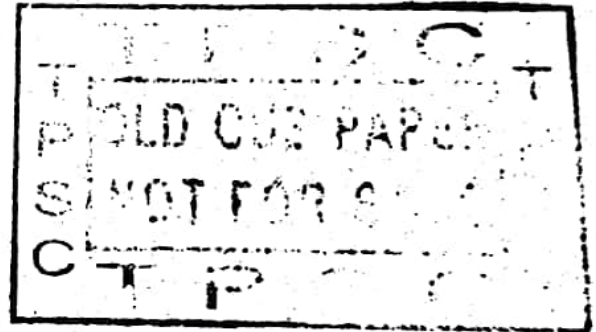
(d) No power

(vii) EEs of PWD can accept bid below reserve price for disposal of a Government building (without land) upto a value of

- (a) ₹ 0.50 lakh
- (b) ₹ 1.00 lakh
- (c) ₹ 1.50 lakh
- (d) No power

(viii) SEs of PWD have the power to sanction advertisement charges upto a value of

- (a) ₹ 1,000
- (b) ₹ 1,500
- (c) ₹ 2,000
- (d) ₹ 2,500



(ix) SEs of PWD has been delegated the power to sanction write off of T&P and other articles of which part value has been recovered, upto a maximum value of

- (a) ₹ 10,000
- (b) ₹ 20,000
- (c) ₹ 25,000
- (d) ₹ 30,000

(x) Higher Purchase Committees have the financial ceiling of

- (a) ₹ 10 lakh
- (b) ₹ 12 lakh
- (c) ₹ 15 lakh
- (d) ₹ 20 lakh

(xi) Additional CEs of PWD have the power to undertake deposit works upto a maximum of

- (a) ₹ 30 lakh
- (b) ₹ 40 lakh
- (c) ₹ 45 lakh
- (d) ₹ 50 lakh

(xii) SEs of PWD have the power to sign agreement for a maximum value of

- (a) ₹ 75 lakh
- (b) ₹ 80 lakh
- (c) ₹ 100 lakh
- (d) No power

5. Answer any 2 (two) questions :

2×5=10

- (i) A Draftsman is posted in a Divisional office. State in brief, the duties that he is required to perform.
- (ii) What are the duties and responsibilities of a Tracer ?
- (iii) State in brief, the duties and responsibilities of a Mechanic.
- (iv) What are the duties and responsibilities of a Senior Fitter (Auto) ?

